

## Recombinant Human IL-15 (Animal-Free)

<b>Catalog# / Size</b>	715902 / 10 µg
<b>Regulatory Status</b>	RUO
<b>Other Names</b>	Interleukin 15 (IL-15), MGC9721
<b>Description</b>	<p>IL-15 was discovered in the supernatant from a simian kidney epithelial cell line CV-1/EBNA, as a soluble factor capable of supporting proliferation of the IL-2-dependent cell line, CTLL-2. IL-15 is a regulatory cytokine, and it is produced by dendritic cells, epithelial cells, human stromal cell line (IMTLH), fibroblasts, and monocytes. IL-15 plays an important role in immune response and shares many functions with IL-2, for example, stimulating the proliferation of activated T cells, NK cells and B cells, and inducing immunoglobulin synthesis by B cells stimulated by anti-IgM or CD40 ligand. In addition, IL-15 promotes the development of dendritic cells, activates human neutrophils and induces the production of proinflammatory cytokines from macrophages. IL-15 acts as a bridge between innate and adaptive immunity because of its diverse roles in the immune system. IL-15 binds to heterotrimeric receptors composed of IL-15R<math>\alpha</math>, IL-15R<math>\beta</math>, and IL-15R<math>\gamma</math>c. IL-15 shares with IL-2 the receptor chains <math>\beta</math> and <math>\gamma</math>c. IL-15 is normally not secreted in soluble form but is held on the cell surface bound to a unique receptor, IL-15R<math>\alpha</math>, especially on dendritic cells. Cell-bound IL-15 then is presented in trans to T cells and NK cells and is recognized by the <math>\gamma</math>c receptor on these cells; such recognition maintains cell survival and intermittent proliferation.</p>

### Product Details

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<b>Source</b>	Human IL-15, amino acids Asn49-Ser162 (Accession# NM_000585), was expressed in <i>E. coli</i> .
<b>Molecular Mass</b>	The 115 amino acid N-terminal methionylated recombinant protein has a predicted molecular mass of 12.9 kD. The predicted N-terminal amino acid is Met.
<b>Purity</b>	>98%, as determined by Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE and HPLC analysis.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized, carrier-free.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	Less than 0.1 ng per µg of protein.
<b>Storage &amp; Handling</b>	Unopened vial can be stored at -20°C or -70°C. For maximum results, quick spin vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. Do not vortex. It is recommended to further dilute in a buffer, such as 5% Trehalose, and store working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C. <b>Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.</b>
<b>Activity</b>	ED <sub>50</sub> is ≤ 0.5 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of ≥ 2.0 x 10 <sup>6</sup> units/mg as determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of mouse CTLL-2 cells.
<b>Application</b>	<a href="#">Bioassay</a>
<b>Application Notes</b>	This product is reactive with human and mouse.
<b>Product Citations</b>	1. Eken A, <i>et al.</i> 2020. North Clin Istanbul. 0.513194444. <a href="#">PubMed</a>

### Antigen Details

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<b>Structure</b>	Cytokine
<b>Distribution</b>	Adherent peripheral blood mononuclear cells, fibroblasts and epithelial cells.
<b>Function</b>	IL-15 stimulates the proliferation of activated T cells, NK cells and B cells, and inducing immunoglobulin synthesis by B cells stimulated by anti-IgM or CD40 ligand. In addition, IL-15 promotes the development of dendritic cells, activates human neutrophils and induces the production of proinflammatory cytokines from macrophages.
<b>Interaction</b>	T cells, NK cells.

<b>Ligand/Receptor</b>	IL-15R $\alpha$ , IL-15R $\beta$ , and IL-15 $\gamma$ .
<b>Bioactivity</b>	Stimulatory activities on the proliferation, survival and activation of T cells and NK cells, and the pathogenesis of rheumatoid arthritis via activating T cells; it also induces IL-17 production.
<b>Cell Type</b>	Hematopoietic stem and progenitors
<b>Biology Area</b>	Immunology, Innate Immunity, Stem Cells, Cell Biology
<b>Molecular Family</b>	Cytokines/Chemokines
<b>Antigen References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Grabstein K, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>Science</i> 264:965.</li> <li>2. Ma A, <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>Annu. Rev. Immunol.</i> 24:657.</li> <li>3. Meresse B, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Immunity</i> 21:357.</li> <li>4. Armitage RJ, <i>et al.</i> 1995. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 154:483.</li> <li>5. Pulendran B, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Eur. J. Immunol.</i> 34:66.</li> <li>6. Bouchard A, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>J. Leukoc. Biol.</i> 76:162.</li> <li>7. Ratthe C, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>J. Leukoc. Biol.</i> 75:893.</li> <li>8. Feng T, <i>et al.</i> 2008. <i>Cell Immunol.</i> 5:189.</li> <li>9. Rubinstein MP <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 103:9166.</li> </ol>
<b>Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">3600</a>

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